and

extraction,

loading











EHR.

modeling

terminologies.

define

ICHOM ARMD model.

transformation

ARMD model.

PROOF OF CONCEPT FOR OBTAINING EHR-DERIVED DATA FOR ARMD RESEARCH

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INTRODUCTION:

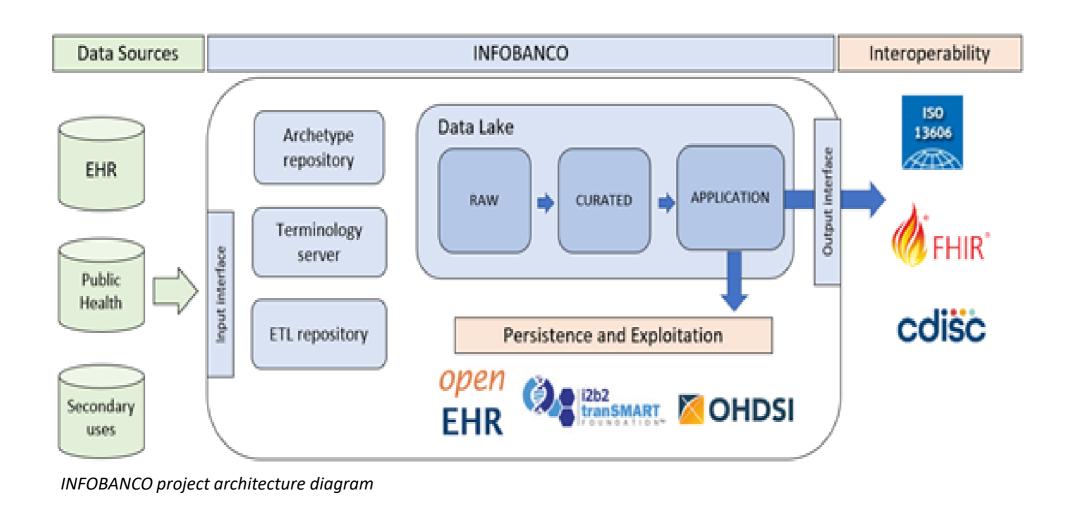
Age-Related Macular Degeneration is the leading cause of vision loss in people over the age of 60. It is essential to investigate the causes and consequences of ARMD in patients' lives.

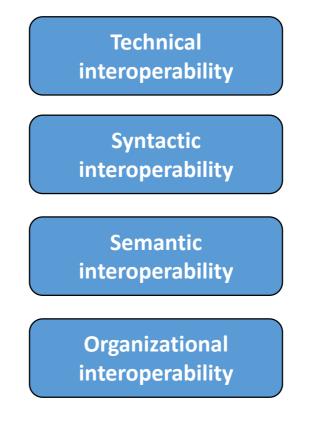
Obtaining data for research often requires additional, parallel efforts to the data entry during healthcare.

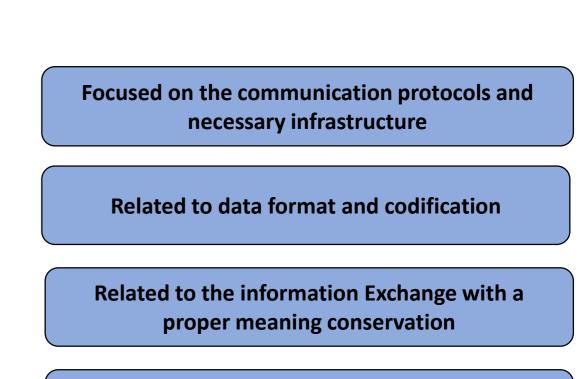
The methodology applied in this project is based on previous work carried out at H12O, specifically the INFOBANCO project, whose objective construction of a platform for the management and reuse of EHR data.

MAIN OBJECTIVE

To implement an automated process to obtain data for ARMD research from the EHR of H12O.







Organizational capacity to efficient data

communication and transfer

SECONDARY OBJECTIVES

To design and formalize the

To select and apply appropriate

the

process (ETL) to obtain the

To implement and validate the

process by generating a data

extract according to the ICHOM

standards

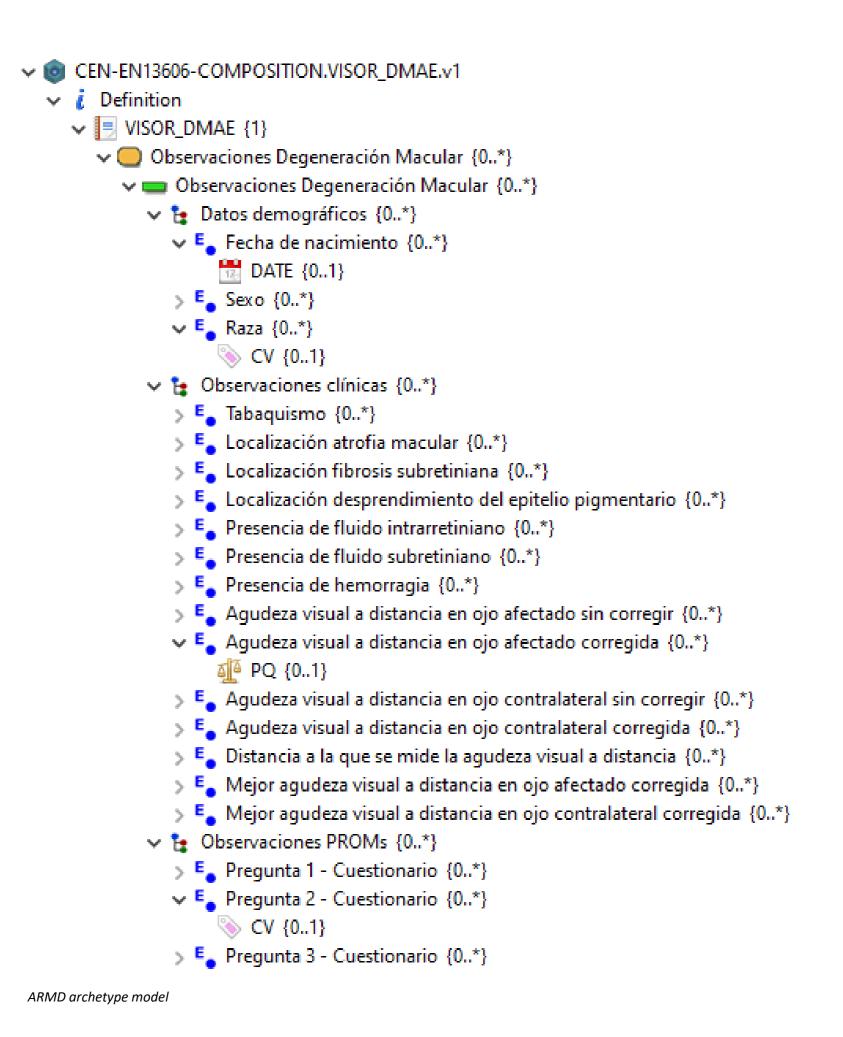
and

ARMD information model in the

METHODS

- 1. State-of-the-art analysis of health information standards, data models for ARMD, and programming and database languages used for clinical data collection and processing.
- 2. Design of a standardized information model for ARMD research assistance.
- 3. Implementation of a set of ISO 13606 archetype models, specifying their links to standard terminologies.
- 4. Analysis of the ICHOM model for ARMD and definition of the design of the ETL process to obtain the model from the EHR.
- 5. Implementation of the ETL process.

6. Analysis and validation of the dataset automatically obtained from the EHR according to the constraints from the ICHOM model for ARMD.



RESULTS

A multipurpose information model implemented into H120 HER.

The ETL process required to obtain the ICHOM data model from the EHR, using SQL and R.

A dataset for ARMD research in accordance with the model proposed by ICHOM.

CONCLUSIONS

There is a necessity to improve the efficiency of data collection in clinical settings for research, based on a multipurpose and use-case agnostic design that allows its reuse in research.

It is essential to design and formalize the EHR through models information standards terminologies. The creation of a standardized clinical archetype set means that it can be easily shared and understood by other organizations.

From this archetype-according EHR data, it is possible to design ETL processes to obtain data related to a specific format.

















